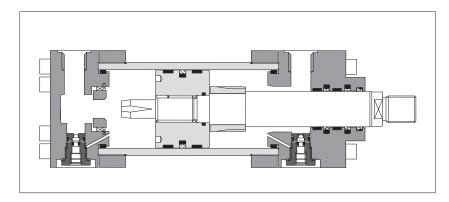


# Hydraulic cylinders type CN - round heads with counterflanges

to ISO 6020-1 - nominal pressure 16 MPa (160 bar) - max 25 MPa (250 bar)



#### **SWC Cylinders Designer**

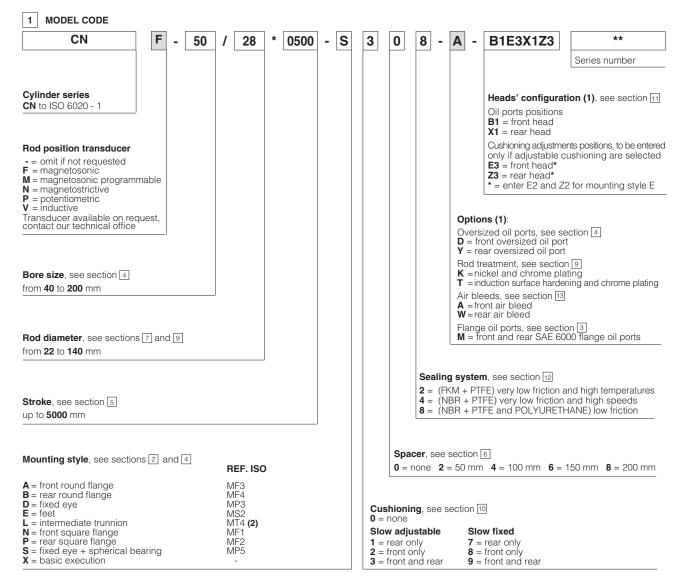
Software for assisted selection of Atos cylinders & servocylinders codes, including cylinder's sizing, full technical information, 2D & 3D drawings in several CAD formats.

Available for download at www.atos.com

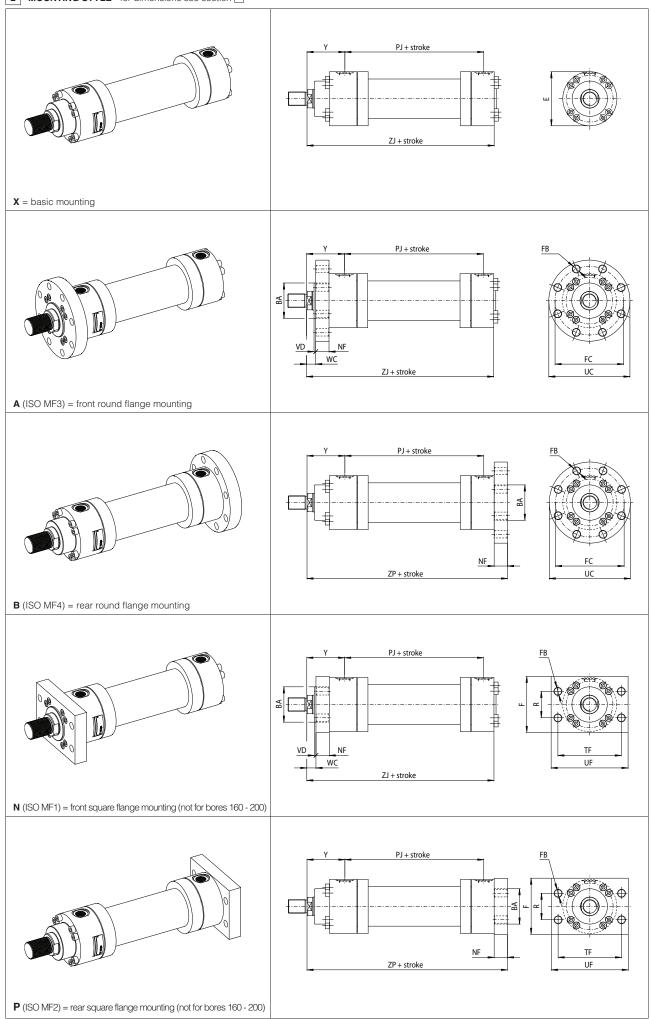
CN cylinders have engineered double acting construction, designed to suit the requirements of industrial applications: top reliability, high performances and long working life.

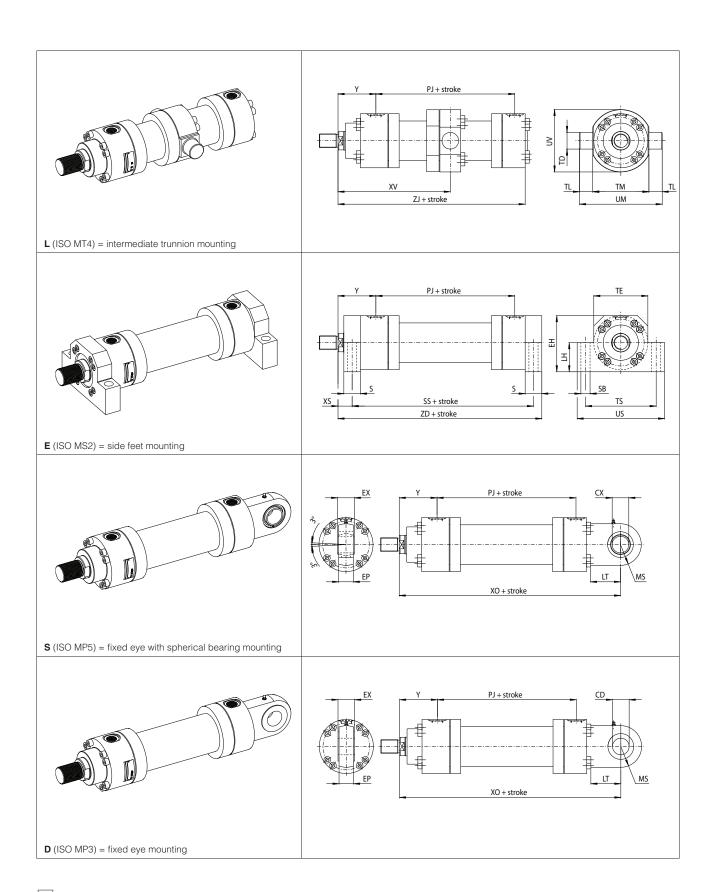
- Bore sizes from 40 to 200 mm
- 2 rod diameters per bore
- Strokes up to 5000 mm
- Rods with rolled threads
- 9 standard mounting styles
- 3 seals options
- Rod guide rings for low wear
- · Adjustable or fixed cushioning
- Optional built-in position transducer, see tab. B310
- · Attachments for rods and mounting styles, see tab. B500

For cylinder's choice and sizing criteria see tab. B015



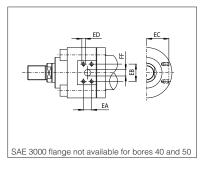
- (1) To be entered in alphabetical order
- (2) XV dimension must be indicated in the model code, see section 4





# 3 SAE 3000 FLANGE OIL PORTS - DIMENSIONS TO ISO 6162-1 [mm]

Ø Bore	DN	EC	<b>EA</b> ±0,25	<b>EB</b> ±0,25	<b>ED</b> 6g	<b>FF</b> 0 / -1,5
63	13	50	17.5	38.1	M8x1.25	13
80	13	58	17.5	30.1	WIOX 1.25	15
100	19	71	22.3	47.6	M10x1.5	19
125	19	89	22.3	47.0	WITOXT.5	19
160	25	113	26.2	52.4	M10x1.5	25
200	25	137	20.2	52.4	WITUXT.5	25



# 4 INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS [mm] - see figures in section 2

ØВ	ore	40	50	63	80	100	125	160	200
Rod	Standard	22	28	36	45	56	70	90	110
Ø	Differential	28	36	45	56	70	90	110	140
В/Е	<b>BA</b> f8/H8	50	60	70	85	106	132	160	200
CD	/ CX H9/H7	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100
D (1	I) min	29	29	36	36	42	42	52	52
D1	(1) min	36	36	42	42	52	52	58	58
E (2	?) max	78	95	116	130	158	192	238	285
EE	(1)	G 1/2	G 1/2	G 3/4	G 3/4	G 1	G 1	G 1 1/4	G 1 1/4
EE1	(1)	G 3/4	G 3/4	G 1	G 1	G 1 1/4	G 1 1/4	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2
EH	max	82	100	120	135	161	196	238	288
EP		18	22	27	35	40	52	66	84
EX	n12	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100
F ma	ax	80	100	120	135	160	195	NA	NA
FB	H13	9	11	13.5	17.5	22	22	22	26
FC j	s13	106	126	145	165	200	235	280	340
LH	n10	43	52	62	70	82	100	119	145
LT n	nin	25	32	40	50	63	71	90	112
MS	max	25	32	40	50	63	71	90	112
МТ	[Nm] <b>(3)</b>	40	78	137	78	137	226	471	471
<b>NF</b> j	s13	16	20	25	32	32	32	36	40
PJ (	5)	97	111	117	134	162	174	191	224
<b>R</b> js	13	40.6	48.2	55.5	63.1	76.5	90.2	NA	NA
<b>S</b> js	13	25	32	32	40	50	56	60	72
SB	H13	11	14	18	22	26	33	33	39
SS	(5)	183	199	211	236	293	321	364	447
<b>TD</b> f	8	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100
TE j	s13	78	95	116	130	158	192	238	285
TF j	s13	98	116.4	134	152.5	184.8	217.1	NA	NA
TL j	s13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80
TM	h12	90	105	120	135	160	195	240	295
TS j	s13	100	120	150	170	205	245	295	350
UC	max	125	148	170	195	238	272	316	385
UF r	max	115	140	160	185	225	255	NA	NA
UM		122	145	170	199	240	295	366	455
US r	max	120	145	180	210	250	300	350	415
U۷		90	108	124	150	180	219	280	333
VD		3	4	4	4	5	5	5	5
wc	(5)	16	18	20	22	25	28	30	35
хо	(5)	231	257	289	332	395	428	505	615
XS (		19.5	22	29	34	32	32	36	39
XV (4)	minimum stroke for style L	55	55	85	90	110	135	170	190
(5)	min	155	160	190	215	255	290	340	420
	max	100+stroke	105+stroke	105+stroke	125+stroke	145+stroke	155+stroke	170+stroke	230+stroke
<b>Y</b> (5	5)	71	72	82	91	108	121	143	190
ZD		215	237	256	290	350	381	430	522
ΖP	(5)	206	225	249	282	332	357	406	490
ZJ	(5)	190	205	224	250	300	325	370	450

#### 7 ROD END DIMENSIONS [mm]

7 HOD LIND E	JIMENSIO	NO [IIIIII]						
Ø Bore	40	50	63	80	100	125	160	200
VE max	19	24	29	36	37	37	41	45
WF	32	38	45	54	57	60	66	75
Ø Rod Standard	22	28	36	45	56	70	90	110
A max	22	28	36	45	56	63	85	95
СН	19	22	30	39	48	62	80	100
KK 6g	M16x1,5	M20x1,5	M27x2	M33x2	M42x2	M48x2	M64x3	M80x3
Ø Rod Differential	28	36	45	56	70	90	110	140
A max	28	36	45	56	63	85	95	112
СН	22	30	39	48	62	80	100	128
<b>KK</b> 6g	M20x1,5	M27x2	M33x2	M42x2	M48x2	M64x3	M80x3	M100x3

#### NOTES TO TABLE 4

(1) **D, EE** - Oil ports are threaded according to GAS standard with counterbore dimension **D** according to ISO 1179-1 (see figure below). When oversized oil ports are selected (D = front oversized oil ports, Y = rear oversized oil ports) dimensions **D** and **EE** are respectively modified into **D1** and **EE1** 

- 2) E If not otherwise specified in the figures in section 2, this value is the front and rear round heads dimension for all the mounting styles (see figure above)
- (3) MT Screws tightening torque. Mounting screws must be to a minimum strength of ISO 898/2 grade 12.9
- (4)  $\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{V}$  For cylinders with mounting style  $\boldsymbol{L}$  the stroke must always exceed the minimum values reported in the table. The requested XV value must be included between XV min and **XV max** and it must be always indicated, with dimension in millimeters, together with the cylinder code. See the following example:

CN - 50 / 28 \* 0500 - L308 - A - B1E3X1Z3 XV = 200

(5) The tolerance is according to the table below

Mounting dimensions	ZJ, ZP, XO, SS, PJ	WF, WC, XV, XS, Y
stroke < 1250	±1,5	±2
1250 > stroke < 3150	±3	±4
stroke > 3150	±5	±8

## 5 STROKE SELECTION

Stroke has to be selected a few mm longer than the working stroke, to prevent to use the cylinder heads as mechanical stroke-end.

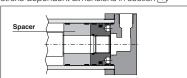
Maximum stroke:

• 5000 mm

- Stroke tolerances:
   0 +2 mm for strokes up to 1250 mm
- 0 +5 mm for strokes from 1250 to 3150 mm
- 0 +8 mm for strokes over 3150 mm

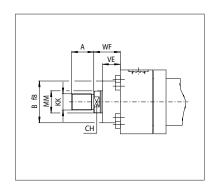
## 6 SPACER

For strokes longer than 1000 mm, proper spacers have to be introduced in the cylinder's construction to increase the rod and piston guide and to protect them from overloads and premature wear. Spacers can be omitted for cylinders working in traction mode. The introduction of spacers increases the overall cylinder's dimensions: spacers' lenght has to be added to all stroke dependent dimensions in section 4.



#### DECOMMENDED CDACEDO

RECOMIN	IENDED	SPACE	rs [mm]	
Stroke	1001	1501	2001	2501
Siloke	1500	2000	2500	5000
Spacer code	2	4	6	8
Length	50	100	150	200



#### 8 CYLINDER'S HOUSING FEATURES

The cylinder's housings are made in "cold drawn and stressed steel"; the internal surfaces are lapped: diameter tolerance H8, roughness Ra ≤ 0,25 µm.

#### 9 RODS FEATURES and options

The rods materials have high strength, which provide safety coefficients higher than 4 in static stress conditions, at maximum working pressure. The rod surface is chrome plated: diameter tolerances f7, roughness Ra  $\leq$  0,25  $\mu m$ . Corrosion resistance of 200 h in neutral spray to ISO 9227 NSS.

ø Rod	Material	Rs min	Chrome				
ø ноа	Material	[N/mm²]	min thickness [mm]	hardness [HV]			
22÷90	hardened and tempered alloy-steel	700	0.020	850-1150			
110÷140	alloy steel	450	0,020	030-1130			

Rod diameters from 22 to 70 mm have rolled threads; in rolling process the component material is stressed beyond its yield point, being deformed plastically. This offers many technical advantages: higher profile accuracy, improved fatigue working life and high wear resistance. See **tab. B015** for the calculations. tion of the expected rod fatigue life. Contact our technical office in case of heavy duty applications.

Rod corrosion resistance and hardness can be improved selecting the options  ${\bf K}$  and  ${\bf T}$  (option K affects the strength of standard rod, see **tab. B015** for the calculation of the expected rod fatigue life): **K** = Nickel and chrome-plating (for rods from 22 to 110 mm)

Corrosion resistance (rating 10 to ISO 10289):

- 500 h in acetic acid salt spray to ISO 9227 AASS
  1000 h in neutral spray to ISO 9227 NSS
- T = Induction surface hardening and chrome plating 56-60 HRC (613-697 HV) hardness

#### 10 CUSHIONING

Cushioning are recommended for applications where: • the piston makes a full stroke with speed over than 0,05 m/s; • it is necessary to reduce undesirable noise and mechanical shocks; • vertical application with heavy loads. The stroke-end cushioning are hydraulic dampers specifically designed to dissipate the energy of the mass connected to the cylinder rod, by progressively increasing the pressure in the cushioning chamber and thus reducing the rod speed before the cylinder's mechanical stroke-end (see the graphics at side). See the tab. B015 for the max damping energy. When fast adjustable versions are selected, the cylinder is provided with needle valve to optimize cushioning peformances in different applications. The regulating screws are supplied fully screwed in (max cushioning effect).

In case of high masses and/or very high operating speeds it is recommended to back them off to optimize the cushioning effect. The adjustment screw has a special design to prevent unlocking and expulsion. The cushioning effect is highly ensured even in case of variation of the fluid viscosity.

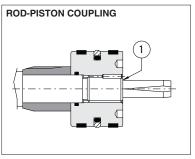
Ø Bore	•	4	0	5	0	6	3	8	0	10	00	12	25	16	0	20	00
Ø Rod	I	22	28	28	36	36	45	45	56	56	70	70	90	90	110	110	140
Cushioning	Lf	25	25	29	29	29	29	27	27	26	26	27	27	34	34	34	49
length [mm]	Lf rear	3	0	3	0	3	2	3	2	3	2	4	1	5	6	5	6

#### 11 POSITION OF THE OIL PORTS AND CUSHIONING ADJUSTMENTS



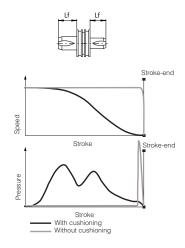
FRONT HEAD: B1 = oil port position;  $E^*$  = cushioning adjustment position REAR HEAD: X1 = oil port position;  $Z^*$  = cushioning adjustment position. The oil ports and cushioning adjustments positions are available, respectively, on sides 1 and 3 for all styles except E (see the figure at side): the style E has the cushioning adjustments on side 2. Cushioning adjustment positions **E\***, **Z\*** have to be entered only if adjustable cushioning are selected.

Example of model code: CN-50/28 \*0500-S308 - A - B1E3X1Z3



The rod and piston are mechanically coupled by a threaded connection in which the thread on the rod is at least equal to the external thread KK, indicated in the table 7. The piston is screwed to the rod by a pre-fixed tightening torque in order to improve the fatigue resistance. The stop pin ① avoids the piston unscrewing.

Lf is the total cushioning lenght. When the stroke-end cushioning are used as safety devices, to mechanically preserve the cylinder and the system, it is advisable to select the cylinder's stroke longer than the opera-ting one by an amount equal to the cushioning lenght Lf; in this way the cushioning effect does not influence the movement during the operating stroke.



# 12 SEALING SYSTEM FEATURES

Sealing	Material	Features	Max speed	Fluid temperature	Fluids compatibility	ISO Standar	ds for seals
system	Waterial	reatures	[m/s]	range	r luide compatibility	Piston	Rod
2	FKM + PTFE	very low friction and high temperatures	4	-20°C to 120°C	Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606 fire resistance fluids HFA, HFB, HFC (water max 45%) HFD-U, HFD-R	ISO 7425/1	ISO 7425/2
4	NBR + PTFE	very low friction and high speeds	4	-20°C to 85°C	Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606 fire resistance fluids HFA, HFC (water max 45%), HFD-U	ISO 7425/1	ISO 7425/2
8	NBR + PTFE +	low friction	1	-20°C to 85°C	Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606	ISO 7425/1	ISO 7425/2

The sealing system must be choosen according to the working conditions of the system: speed, operating frequencies, fluid type and temperature. Additional verifications about minimum in/out rod speed is warmly suggested, see **tab. B015**. Special sealing system for low temperature, high frequencies (up to 20 Hz), long working life and

heavy duty are available, see **tab. TB020.** All the seals, static and dynamic, must be periodically replaced: proper spare kits are available, see section [17]. Contact our technical office for the compatibility with other fluids not mentioned below and specify type and composition. See section 14 for fluid requirements.

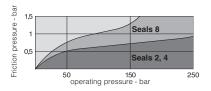
# 13 AIR BLEEDS

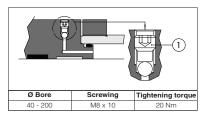
CODES: **A** = front air bleed; **W** = rear air bleed

The air in the hydraulic circuit must be removed to avoid noise, vibrations and irregular cylinder's motion: air bleed valves are recommended to realize this operation easily and safely

Air bleeds are positioned on side 3 for all styles except E: the style E has the air bleeds on side 2, see section 11.

For a proper use of the air-bleed (see figure on side) unlock the grub screw ① with a wrench for hexagonal head screws, bleed-off the air and retighten as indicated in table at side





# 14 FLUID REQUIREMENTS

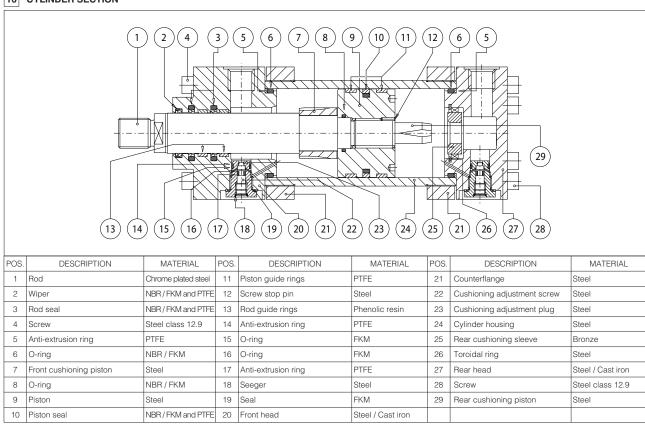
Cylinders and servocylinders are suitable for operation with mineral oils with or without additives (HH, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV), fire resistant fluids (HFA oil in water emulsion, 90-95% water and 5-10% oil; HFB water in oil emulsion, 40% water; HFC water glycol, max 45% water) and synthetic fluids (HFD-U organic esters, HFD-R phosphate esters). The fluid must have a viscosity within 15 and 100 mm²/s, a temperature within 0 and 70°C and fluid contamination class ISO 20/18/15 according to ISO 4406 NAS1638 class 9, see also filter section at www.atos.com or KTF catalog.

# 15 CYLINDERS MASSES [kg] (tolerance ± 5%)

			OR STYLE K			accord	ADDITIONA ding to mounting	AL MASSES ng styles and	options		
Ø Bore [mm]	Ø Rod [mm]	Stroke 100 mm	Each 100 mm more	Styles A, B	Style <b>E</b>	Style <b>L</b>	Styles N, P	Styles <b>D, S</b>	Front cushioning	Rear cushioning	Each 50 mm spacer
	22	7,36	1,18	1.16	1,16	1,58	0,82	0.00	0,09	0,50	0,93
40	28	7,60	1,36	1,10	1,10	1,56	0,62	0,29	0,09	0,30	0,93
F0.	28	12	1,55	2	3,80	2,87	1,54	0,64	0,20	0,80	1,30
50	36	12,50	1,86	2	3,00	2,07	1,54	0,04	0,20	0,00	1,50
63	36	19,50	2,30	3,28	5,80	4,54	2,70	1,32	0,30	1	1.97
03	45	20	2,75	0,20	0,00	4,04	2,70	1,02	0,00	,	1,01
80	45	28	2,87	5,26	9,04	6,79	4,30	2,36	0,50	1	2,78
	56	28,50	3,55	0,20	0,0.	0,70	1,00	2,00	0,00	·	2,.0
100	56	48,50	4,65	7.76	15,72	10,36	5,96	4,76	0,80	1,50	4,43
	70	49,50	5,73	.,		,	-,	.,	.,	.,	.,
125	70	76,50	7,26	9,76	24,68	18,14	8,08	7,28	1,20	2	6,93
	90	78,50	9,23	0,70	24,00	10,14	0,00	7,20	1,20	_	0,00
160	90	126	11,47	14.54	38,16	35	NA NA	15.64	1.70	3	11,13
	110	128,50	13,93	1-7,0-7	33,10	35	11/7	10,04	1,70		11,10
200	110	233,50	18,31	22,66	63,36	58,88	NA	32,20	2,50	5	17,75
	140	238	22,94	22,00	00,00	00,00	1471	02,20	2,00	Ŭ	17,70

Note: the masses related to the other options, not indicated in the table, don't have a relevant influence on the cylinder's mass

## 16 CYLINDER SECTION



# 17 SPARE PARTS - SEE TABLE SP-B180

Example for seals spare parts code

	G	8	-	CN	<b>-</b> [	50	1	28
Sealing system								
Cylinder series								
Bore size [mm]								Rod diame